UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL MINUTES— GENERAL

Case No.	5:23-ev-0037	79-SSS-SPx		Date	March 8, 2023
Title Dennis Cooper v. Hee J. Kim, et al.					
Present: The Honorable SUNSHINE S. SYKES, UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE					RICT JUDGE
Irene Vazquez			Not Reported		
Deputy Clerk			Court Reporter		
Attorney(s) Present for Plaintiff(s):			Attorney(s) Present for Defendant(s):		
None Present			None Present		

Proceedings: ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE WHY THE COURT SHOULD NOT DENY SUPPLEMENTAL JURISDICTION

On March 6, 2023, Plaintiff Dennis Cooper filed his Complaint asserting a claim for injunctive relief arising out of an alleged violation of the American with Disabilities Act ("ADA"), 42 U.S.C. §§§ 12182(a), 121282(b)(A)(i)–(iv), and 1283(a)(2); a claim for damages pursuant to California's Unruh Civil Rights Acts ("Unruh Act"), Cal. Civ. Code § 52; a claim for damages pursuant to California's Disabled Persons Act, Cal. Civ. Code §§ 54.1(a)–(d); a claim for damages pursuant to the California Health & Safety Code § 19955, *et seq.*; and a claim for damages pursuant to a state law negligence theory. [Dkt. 1]. As the Unruh Act, the California Disabled Persons Act, the California Health & Safety Code, and the negligence claims are all pursuant to state law, as opposed to a federal law, the Court would only possess supplemental jurisdiction over them. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

The supplemental jurisdiction statute "reflects the understanding that, when deciding whether to exercise supplemental jurisdiction, 'a federal court should consider and weigh in each case, and *at every stage of the litigation*, the values of judicial economy, convenience, fairness, and comity." *City of Chicago v. Int'l*

College of Surgeons, 522 U.S. 156, 173 (1997) (emphasis added) (quoting Carnegie-Mellon Univ. v. Cohill, 484 U.S. 343, 350 (1988)). The Court therefore orders Cooper to show cause in writing why the Court should exercise supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims asserted in the Complaint. See 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

In responding to this Order to Show Cause, Cooper shall identify the statutory damages he seeks to recover. Cooper and his counsel shall also support their responses to this Order with declarations, signed under penalty of perjury, providing all facts necessary for the Court to determine if they satisfy the definition of a "high-frequency litigant" as provided by California Civil Procedure Code §§ 425.55(b)(1) & (2). Cooper shall file his response to this order no later than March 22, 2023. The Court further sets a hearing regarding this Order to Show Cause on March 31, 2023, at 1:00 PM via Zoom.¹ Failure to timely or adequately respond to this Order may, without further warning, result in the dismissal of the entire action without prejudice or the Court declining to exercise supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a).

IT IS SO ORDERED.

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¹ The Court refers the Parties to Judge Sykes' website for details regarding hearings via zoom: https://www.cacd.uscourts.gov/honorable-sunshine-s-sykes.